CONCOURS ATS -SESSION 2022-

ÉPREUVE D'ANGLAIS

CODE ÉPREUVE: 960

Dictionnaire et appareils électroniques interdits

Réponse juste : +3 Réponse fausse : -1 Pas de réponse : 0

DURÉE DE L'ÉPREUVE : 2H

PART 1: grammar and vocabulary.

Pick the right answer.

1) This time tomorr	row, you…sitting in a d	eck chair on the beac	h. Lucky you!
A) are	B) were	C) will	D) will be
2) Before you telep	honed, I working on	my English presentat	tion for next week.
A) was	B) will be	C) can	D) have been
3) Tomorrow, we	taking a day off.		
A) are	B) will	C) have	D) Ø
4) Where did they.	for their holiday in the	e end?	
A) went	B) go	C) gone	D) going
5) I must admit you	utry but the answer is	s still "no".	
A) have	B) did	C) will	D) could
6) Howhave you	visited the USA?		
A) long	B) much time	C) many times	D) ∅
7) He'sworking	there since he left scho	ool.	
A) had	B) done	C) have	D) been
8) It's time youto	school or you'll be late	Э.	
A) go	B) went	C) are going	D) going
9) We honestly cou	uldn't follow a word of v	what you…last night.	
A) are saying	B) will say	C) were saying	D) did say
10) I've justthat t	the price of gas has go	ne up again.	
A) have told	B) am told	C) been told	D) was told
11) If you were sto	pped by the police for	speeding, whatyou	do?
A) will	B) shall	C) would	D) can
12) If we get there	early enough, weyou	u a seat.	
A) did save	B) do save	C) am saving	D) shall save
13) When I'm in to	wn, Ilistening to the	birds.	
A) missing	B) am missing	C) missed	D) miss

,	"Ah, there you!" be	I was wondering whe	re you were. C) were	D) have been
15)	She said she'd help	o him if she		
A)	could	B) can	C) can't	D) have been able
16)	He would not go ur	ntil heseen all the pa	aintings.	
A)	had	B) was	C) is	D) has
17)	Jamesmy friend	for over 10 years.		
A)	is	B) has been	C) has been being	D) is being
18)	Howhave you be	en waiting in the rain?	?	
A)	much	B) many	C) often	D) long
19)	It is often said that	"Honesty is thepolic	cy".	
A)	Ø	B) better	C) greater	D) best
20)	Management is una	able to say when the r	new policy will	
A)	implement	B) implemented	C) be implemented	D) be implementing
21)	We are late. I'm afr	raid the gamestarted	d.	
A)	is already	B) is ever	C) has already	D) has ever
22)	22) Sometimes in business, rules have to be changed needs.			
A)	for the	B) regarded to	C) according to	D) relative in
23)	Health and safety is	ssues should be a pri	ority withorganizatio	on.
A)	some	B) Ø	C) many	D) any
24)	Jerry, our new Ger	man teacher, Gern	nan for 5 years now.	
A)	is teaching	B) taught	C) has been taught	D) has been teaching
25)	The company acce	pts responsibility for	or items lost or stolen	
A)	none	B) no	C) not	D) ∅
-	In advertising, a rket.	ccuracy is most impor	rtant when it comes to	identifying the target
A)	the	B) some	C) any	D) Ø
27)	Have you seen	such a funny film?		
A)	already	B) never	C) always	D) ever

28)	We have to agree .	new planning regul	ations.	
A)	for	B) ∅	C) in	D) on
29)	The company spen	ds too much spons	sorship	
A)	on	B) at	C) in	D) for
30)	They often work till	8 and have a late din	ner, they do in Spa	ain.
A)	as	B) so	C) likewise	D) likely
31)	I don't understand	English they speak	in some parts of the	USA.
A)	an	B) ∅	C) the	D) a
32)	We never work	Sundays.		
A)	on	B) in	C) for	D) at
33)	She worked a sa	ales rep for 3 years, th	nen she joined our de	partment.
A)	as	B) such as	C) like	D) likely
34)	United States	becoming more and	more vulnerable to	. natural disasters.
A)	The / is / the	B) The / is / \varnothing	C) \varnothing / are / the	D) ∅ / are / ∅
35)	My husband is an e	early bird. He gets	at 6 every day of the	week.
A)	out	B) up	C) on	D) over
36)	36) They never agree each other. They had better get a divorce.			
A)	Ø	B) for	C) on	D) with
37)	7 p.m, the shipr	ment still hadn't arrive	d. Everyone is getting	y worried.
A)	In	B) For	C) On	D) At
38)	John McEwan train	ed as engineer, bu	ıt moved into sales	a few years later.
A)	an / Ø	B) a / ∅	C) \varnothing / the	D) an / the
	The application formorrow.	m for the Erasmus exc	change program mus	t be returned
A)	by	B) until	C) within	D) at
40)	According to the po	olice, the burglars brok	ke the house arour	nd midnight.
A)	into	B) in	C) over	D) up
41)	I have never got	with my brother-in-la	w.	
A)	on	B) into	C) over	D) up

42)	Wood have risen by more than 20% over the last month.			
A)	price	B) prize	C) prices	D) prizes
43)	She keeps her note	es in a folder.		
A)	big red plastic	B) red big plastic	C) plastic big red	D) big plastic red
44)	While my motorbike	e I wandered round	d the city center which	n is lovely.
A)	be repaired	B) being repaired	C) was repairing	D) was being repaired
45)	There has been an	increase the numb	per of faulty products	recently.
A)	of	B) in	C) for	D) to
46)	He is very good	singing but is a usele	ss dancer.	
A)	at	B) in	C) about	D) into
47)	7) Last spring, my boyfriend promised me we on a city break sometime soon.			sometime soon.
A)	will go	B) went	C) would go	D) should go
48)	8) Rod was wearing his dad's brown jacket yesterday, he?			
A)	was	B) wasn't	C) were	D) didn't
49)	It is relatively easy	to enter our lab, w	hich is a real problem	, don't you think?
A)	in	B) of	C) within	D) ∅
50)	If you ask me, this	app is useful than	that one.	
A)	less	B) as	C) so	D) such
51)	When they their	sandwiches, they we	nt for a swim in the la	ke.
A)	had been eating	B) had eaten	C) will have eaten	D) will be eating
52)	If the meeting does	sn't end time, I'll ha	ve to apologize and le	eave.
A)	at	B) on	C) within	D) by
53)	I borrowed this boo	k the library and w	ish you would read it.	It is just awesome.
A)	for	B) from	C) to	D) of
54)	Mark is good at sci	entific subjects pro	gramming computers.	
A)	such	B) such as	C) so	D) as
55)	Claire did learn	Portuguese before sh	e started her internsh	ip in Brazil.
A)	some little	B) little by little	C) some much	D) some

56)	His supervisor has	congratulated him on	his doing a good	
A)	task	B) work	C) mission	D) job
57)	Her arguments wer	ren't very		
A)	convinced	B) convince	C) convincing	D) convinces
58)	When you apply	a job, you need a pe	rfect résumé.	
A)	in	B) into	C) forward	D) for
59)	In this restaurant, c	dinner is served from 6	6 to midnight.	
A)	sharp	B) a.m.	C) p.m.	D) clock
60)	"Ladies and gentle	men, this is the room	in the poet died."	
A)	which	B) where	C) whose	D) that
61)	On seeing the teac	her trip and fall, the s	tudents couldn't help	
A)	laugh	B) laughing	C) laughed	D) to laugh
62)	the end of May,	they will have sold all	their stock.	
A)	Ву	B) On	C) In	D) To
63)	Both products are	obviously bad quality	but that one is probab	ly of the two.
A)	the worse	B) the worst	C) worst	D) worse
64)	64) The T-shirt you want is sale.			
A)	at	B) in	C) on	D) off
65)	Is your room within	of your school?		
A)	walk distance	B) a walk	C) a walker's	D) walking distance
66)	"I am looking forwa	rd you again", the	headhunter said.	
A)	to meeting	B) to meet	C) for meeting	D) at meeting
	Could you please of investigate?	call the customer who	hasn't ordered any a	ticles two years
A)	during	B) while	C) since	D) for
68)	She said "", which	ch we understood per	fectly.	
A)	No won	B) No way	C) Not entrance	D) None problem
69)	Who do you reckor	n will be president r	next May?	
A)	the France's	B) France's	C) a French	D) a

70) said to be disa	appearing. What a p	ity!	
A) Bee is	B) Bees are	C) All of bees are	D) Every bees
71) Ms Jones promis	71) Ms Jones promised to place a large order for our chocolates Easter.		
A) In	B) on	C) since	D) at
72) "I very much enjo	oyed that film". "…"		
A) Neither did I	B) So I did	C) So I do	D) So did I
73) Have you seen .	James Bond movi	e?	
A) the last	B) the latest	C) the lately	D) the late
74) Pick the one that	t does not mean "at l	present":	
A) actually	B) currently	C presently	D) for the time being
75) We intend to inst	tall the new equipme	ent the vacation.	
A) during	B) since	C) at	D) within
76) If we had known you were in Spain at the same time as us, we to see you.			
A) would come	B) came	C) should come	D) would have come
77) Her internship w	as a internship.		
A) 3 months long	B) 3-months	C) 3-month	D) 3-monthed
78) He did really well in his exams so he was accepted in schools he was keen on.			
A) every	B) all	C) all the	D) any
79) "The more," is	s a proverb that ofter	n proves to be true.	
A) the funnier	B) the better	C) the madder	D) the merrier
80) Who lives the	from school in his g	roup?	
A) farthest	B) farrest	C) farther	D) further
81) One of the follow	ving does not mean '	in the end":	
A) at least	B) eventually	C) finally	D) at the end of the day
82) "They will help u	s,?"		
A) don't they	B) isn't it	C) will they	D) won't they
83) She wanted to h and spent a semeste		career, she did a do	uble diploma in the US
A) although	B) therefore	C) such as	D) whereas

84)	What about out	to a pizzeria tonight?		
A)	going	B) gone	C) went	D) we going
85)	"So he is offering y	ou an internship in his	s company. Well, you	never know; give it
A)	a go-ahead	B) a try	C) a call	D) a trial
86)	"It was music to my	y ears" is said of some	ething that:	
A)	is melodious		B) is pleasant to hea	ır
C)	is related to classic	cal music	D) calms you down	
87) pas	•	nitiate physical contact	t with people as it wou	ıld be a cultural faux-
A)	should	B) could	C) shouldn't	D) ought not
	I can go on an Era oose is not too high.	smus exchange progr	am the cost of livir	ng in the country I will
A)	provided	B) unless	C) as long	D) considering
89)	Would you say tha	t Berlin is worth?		
A)	visit	B) to visit	C) visited	D) visiting
	The TOEIC certific manage your time.	ation is not that difficu	ılt;, you need to pra	actise and learn how
A)	because	B) however	C) since	D) as long as
91)	What about spend	ing a holiday abroad v	vhen the lockdown	to an end?
A)	will come	B) comes	C) come	D) must to come
	Did you know that untries?	you can a lot of mo	oney teaching English	in some Asian
A)	earning	B) win	C) make	D) do
93)	I can't remember	. I am to see the bank	manager.	
A)	how long for	B) whenever	C) at what moment	D) at what time
94) the		irs on the track, the tr	ain had to be cancelle	ed. We apologize for
A)	inconvenience	B) delays	C) late	D) worries
95)	Train apps are u	useful to make a quick	train reservation.	
A)	most	B) much	C) such	D) quiet

96) the result, the experiment is certainly worth trying.			
A) Whatever	B) Even though	C) However	D) For all
97) When we saw him	, we really wondered	what he would be	as a colleague.
A) like	B) likely	C) alike	D) the like
98) The next budget will be reduced. It's a pity but we help it.			
A) mustn't	B) haven't to	C) shan't	D) can't
99) "Excuse me sir, what's the best way to get to Tower Bridge?"			
" way you go, you can't miss it."			
A) Wherever	B) What	C) Whichever	D) Anywhere
100) When she broke a leg, her pain was not as bad as it			
A) might have been	B) need have been	C) must have been	D) can have been

PART 2: READING COMPREHENSION

Focus on the articles carefully and answer the questions. **Only one** answer is possible.

Text 1:

Why aren't we all eating insects?

by Daisy Dunne in The Independent, 3 April 2021

Mealworms are very versatile. They have a nutty taste says Tiziana Di Costanzo, cofounder of Horizon, a small-scale edible insect farm in London. Di Costanzo and her family started farming mealworms in their 30-square meter shed around two and a half years ago. The business now sells live mealworms to customers in the UK. "For us, everything we do is with a view of preserving the natural environment", she says. "Our utopian view was that other people would do the same as us and we would have lots of little urban insect farms like Horizon. But that hasn't really been catching on very well."

The farming of insects for food has been billed as the next sustainable food revolution in western countries many times over in the past few years. One reason for this is, compared with traditional livestock such as beef and lamb, insects require far fewer resources and produce fewer geenhouse gas emissions". (...)

Currently, the rearing of livestock accounts for around 14.5 per cent of global greenhouse gas emissions, according to the UN's Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO). The production of red meat is particularly polluting. Livestock production requires large amounts of forested land to be cleared to create space for grazing cattle or to grow animal feed, which causes gas emissions to be released. (...) But edible insects are still far from being a staple part of mainstream diet in western countries, says Wade. "What we consider "good" to eat is culturally learned", she says. "The cultural knowledge we often receive about insects from a young age is that bugs are pests and carriers of disease". Despite a western aversion to eating insects, they have traditionally been a staple part of the diet in many parts of the world, she adds. "There is a long history of insect eating in the tropics because insects are often more available, larger and nutritious than in colder or more temperate zones, making them a better food source".

Most visitors to Horizon come looking for a new experience, says Di Costanzo. "You have to be a bit curious and adventurous with your tastebuds to try insects. But people generally are pleasantly surprised after they've eaten them."

101) When you taste mealworms, they taste:

- A) like nothing else you have ever tasted B) really bad
- C) like nuts

 D) like nothing much and lack flavour

102) The Di Costanzo family started breeding mealworms:

- A) on their farm B) in an insect factory they built from scratch
- C) in a small storage structure D) in beehives

103) Ever since they started the business two and half years ago:

- A) lots of little insect farms like Horizon have B) some major insect farms have emerged been created
- C) insects farms haven't been very successful with customers D) insect farms have all gone bankrupt and have closed down

104) The farming of insects has recently been seen as:

A) the future of sustainable food

B) a thing of the past
C) only promising in Asia

D) booming only in Asia

105) What is good about farming and feeding people insects is that farming insects:

- A) requires less space and more resources B) produces higher greenhouse gas emissions and than traditional livestock lower pollution levels than traditional livestock
- C) bills people too little even if it fills them up

 D) involves fewer resources and lower greenhouse gas emissions than cattle farming

106) The problem with livestock production is that:

- A) it creates lots of deforestation and greenhouse gas emissions

 B) more and more people are vegetarian nowadays
- C) the mad-cow disease affects lots of animals D) red meat has gone out of fashion and increases costs

107) In western countries, insects are far from being popular so far as:

- A) only Asian people who live in the west will accept to eat insects

 B) eating derives mainly from traditions and what you inherit
- C) people are not curious D) people feel sick when they think of eating insects

108) In some countries, insects have been traditionally eaten because:

- A) they are easier to find than in the tropics B) people believe they have certain magical virtues
- C) they are cheaper in temperate zones D) people can find them easily and so live off them

109) Most of the visitors at Horizon farm are:

- A) bold and daring adventurers

 B) on the lookout for something different
- C) planning to start an insect-farming D) disappointed after the visit business themselves

Text 2:

When innovation and ethics collide

by Robert W. Lucky in Spectrum, July 2019.

When I started my career, I was sometimes **reluctant** to confess that I was an engineer. But I became proud of my profession. I thought of all that we had accomplished, and I would say that we had changed the world. We had created the Internet, lasers, computers, and so much else that was an integral part of modern life. Of course, when I and other engineers said that we had changed the world, the implication was that we had made it better. Now **this has been put into question**. Everyday it seems that there are stories in the media saying that **tech has gone out of control** and is causing harm. Privacy has been lost, the cellphone is dangerously addictive, spams and scams are omnipresent, security is weak, conspiracies and fake news abound, powerful monopolies have evolved, **jobs will be lost to Al and robotics**, and so forth. (...)

I think of engineers as tool builders. Historically, tools can be used for both good and bad. Fritz Haber was awarded the Nobel Prize in 1918 for developing a process that involved extracting nitrogen from the atmosphere. There were two principal materials produced from the subsequent abundance of nitrogen-fertilizer for crops to feed the world and gunpowder for the world's armies. **So it is with most technological developments, including the Internet.**

Even in the early days of the Internet, we recognized that it made it easy to spread conspiracy propaganda. We worried about the unfathomable scale of the Net, which was sure to include malevolent participants, and were concerned about inevitable nationalistic urges to balkanize the Net.Then, as the Internet evolved, there were unforeseen emergent developments and unintended consequences.

110) A synonym for "reluctant" is:

A) unwilling B) nervous C) afraid D) refusing

111) "I became proud of my profession" means that:

- A) he was no longer ashamed of being an engineer
- C) he believed he was one of the best engineers
- B) he was more or less satisfied with being an engineer
- D) he worked in a very good company

112) "This has been put into question" means that:

- A) it is debatable whether the world has become better thanks to innovation
- C) people have got a lot of questions
- B) engineers still have lots of unanswered questions
- D) the narrator doesn't believe in innovation

113) A synonym of "has gone out of control" is:

A) has got out of hand

B) has improved little

C) has become less dangerous

D) has become too controlled

114) "Jobs will be lost to Al and robotics" means that:

- A) Al and robotics will create more jobs
- B) people will work less but become more efficient
- C) Al and robotics will get some people to lose their job
- D) most people will become jobless because of Al and robotics

115) "So it is with most technological developments, including the Internet" means that technological developments are:

- A) usually more negative than positive
- B) usually more positive than negative
- C) are neither positive nor negative depending on the context
- D) are both positive and negative depending on how they are used

116) "The unfathomable scale of the Net" means that the Net is:

A) big but easy to measure

- B) so huge that it is immeasurable
- C) bottomless and full of possibilities
- D) immensurable and most enjoyable

Text 3:

Pay attention to the text and the context and identify the right word. There is **only one** possible choice for each item.

It's not too soon to be wary of Al

by Stuart Russell in Spectrum, October 2019

Al research is making great strides towards its long-term goal of human-level or superhuman intelligent machines. If it succeeds in its -117-, however, that could well be -118 - for the human race. The reason is that the "standard model" of Al -119 - machines to pursue a fixed objective specified by humans. We are unable to specify the objective completely and correctly, -120 -, can we anticipate or prevent the harms that machines pursuing an incorrect objective will create when -121- on a global scale with superhuman capabilities. Already, we see examples such as social-media algorithms that learn to optimize click through by manipulating human preferences, with -122 - consequences for democratic systems.

Nick Bostrom's 2014 book *Superintelligence: Paths, Dangers, Strategies* presented -123 - detailed case for taking the risk seriously. In what most would consider an example of British understatement, the Economist's magazine review of Bostrom's book ended -124: "The implications of introducing a second intelligent -125 - on Earth are far-reaching enough to deserve -126."

Surely, with so much -127-, the -128 - minds of today are already doing this hard-thinking engaging in serious debate, weighing -129 - the risks and benefits, seeking solutions, ferreting out loopholes in solutions and so -130. Not yet, -131- I am aware. Instead, -132-effort has gone into various forms of denial.

Some -133 - AI -134 - have resorted to arguments that hardly merit refutation. -135 - just a few of the dozens that I have read in articles or heard at conferences:

Electronic calculators are superhuman at arithmetic. Calculators didn't take over the world; -136 -, there is -137- reason to worry about superhuman AI.

117)	A) current form	B) today's form	C) nowadays form	D) Ø
118)	A) excellent	B) catastrophic	C) terrific	D) amazing
119)	A) necessitate	B) demands	C) requires	D) ask
120)	A) and	B) plus	C) nor	D) what's more
121)	A) operating	B) operate	C) operated	D) operates
122)	A) positive	B) terrific	C) disastrous	D) amazing
123)	A) a	B) an	C) the	D) some
124)	A) with	B) in	C) into	D) about
125)	A) specie	B) species	C) specificity	D) specificities
126)	A) hard-thinker	B) hard thinker	C) hard-thinking	D) hard-thought
127)	A) at large	B) at stake	C) at least	D) at last
128)	A) large	B) intelligence	C) high	D) great
129)	A) up	B) down	C) out	D) Ø
130)	A) much	B) on	C) forth	D) all
131)	A) as far as	B) as long as	C) as many as	D) as
132)	A) lot	B) many	C) a great numbers of	D) a great deal of
133)	A) well know	B) well known	C) well-known	D) glamorous
134)	A) research	B) physicians	C) researchers	D) professor
135)	A) Here are	B) Here be	C) Here come	D) here go
136)	A) since	B) as long as	C) therefore	D) whatever
137)	A) not	B) none	C) neither	D) no

TEXT 4: Focus on the underlined fragments, identify their meaning in context and pick the right answer.

Why 'rage quitting' is all the rage

by Christine Ro, in BBC News, Workline section, 8 September 2021

Walking out of a job in anger can seem extreme – but there are often powerful motivations for doing it.

(137) <u>It was sweltering</u> inside the nightclub where Alexander was DJing, in the US state of Virginia. Though it was more than 40°C outside, the club's air conditioning was broken. It felt extra sticky and humid because the club was hosting a special event: a Pokemonthemed foam party, where (138) <u>upwards of</u> 400 clubbers were frolicking in suds.

"I literally had ice packs on my neck in order (139) to not pass out," remembers Alexander, now 35, of the 2016 event. (140) The heat was also damaging his gear, and he'd had enough. Over the microphone, so everyone could hear, he berated the club owner for lying about fixing the air conditioning and for the equipment-frying conditions. (141) "I'm done," he said, then stormed out.

Many of us have fantasised about leaving a bad job in a similarly dramatic fashion. Yet, far from (142) **throwing a temper tantrum**, 'rage quitting' is a sign of serious flaws in a workplace: from lax health and safety standards to exploitative working conditions and abusive managers. The Covid-19 pandemic has only intensified the stressors that can lead employees to quit on the spot. But as rage quitting tends to be the culmination of a series of work issues, employers can avoid (143) **being left in the lurch** by paying attention to the warning signs – before an employee drops the mic on their way out the door. (...)

Though rage quitting can look and feel impulsive, dissatisfaction with a job tends to build up over time, until an incident triggers the actual resignation. (...)

Sajeet Pradhan, who researches organisational behaviour at the Indian Institute of Management in Tiruchirappalli, says compared to the US and Europe, India "is more

culturally tolerant (unfortunately) towards abuse at work", due to "power distance or the (144) **upbringing** which has conditioned us to respect people in authoritative positions". In India, according to Pradhan, "rage quitting is generally witnessed among highly-skilled jobs and the millennials". (...)

And although young workers are sometimes perceived as flaky, "the truth is that before they have a sunk cost, for a sunk investment in the organisation, they're making a decision about what's best for them", adds Chhinzer. It makes sense that they would quit (145) **an ill-fitting job** more spontaneously.

This doesn't mean that (146) <u>leaving in the heat of the moment</u> is always logical. Chhinzer says that with "rage quitting, they're not really stopping to make those rational decisions about something and just thinking about what are their options". Fed-up employees might overestimate their ability to secure another job.

Though there are many reasons to leave an unsatisfying job, there are certain recurrent patterns that lead to (147) **spontaneous resignations**.

137) "I was sweltering inside the nightclub", n	neans that because of the heat :
A) I was suffocating	B) I was dancing away like crazy
C) I was having a great time	D) I was perspiring
138) "upwards of 400 clubbers", means that:	
A) there were fewer than 400 clubbers	B) the clubbers were all upstairs in the nightclub
C) there were more than 400 clubbers	D) there were some 400 clubbers off to the first floor
139) "In order not to pass out" means, that with	out ice packs:
A) Alexander would have gone out	B) Alexander would have passed some time outside
C) Alexander would have died	D) Alexander would have fainted
140) In "the heat was also damaging his gear"	, a synonym for " gear " would be:
A) equipment	B) speed
C) disco ball	D) stage dress
141) "I'm done he said, then stormed out", me	ans that:
A) he was blown out of the club by a storm	B) he had finished his job and left feeling happy with it all
C) he quit his job as a DJ for good	D) he couldn't do his job properly and left feeling very angry
142) "To throw a temper tantrum", means:	
A) to throw abuse at	B) to throw something at someone so as to hurt them
C) to fly into a rage	D) to throw something at someone in anger
143) "To be left in the lurch" means:	
A) to be let down	B) to become jobless
C) to be stuck in a rut	D) to be short of money
144) "Upbringing" is synonymous with:	
A) the treatment and instruction received at home by a child	B) the treatment and instruction received at school by a child
 C) the conditioning people receive at home to respect others 	 D) the education and care of a person during his formative years
145) "An ill-fitting job" is a job that:	
A) makes you ill	B) is not suitable for you
C) forces you to interact with nasty people	D) is difficult yet pleasant
146) "Leaving in the heat of the moment", mea	ns leaving:
A) on a hot day	B) when you are infuriated
C) when the temperature is at its peak	D) in a moment
147) "Spontaneous resignation" means the pro	cess of:
A) accepting the situation spontaneously	B) realizing spontaneity is wrong
C) quitting your job on your own initiative	D) accepting to get fired