

- 1- Most time, I work alone in my office.
A- 0 B- the C- of the D- one
- 2- Quick ! I'm in my bath ! Can your answer the phone for me ?
A- at B- to C- for D- 0
- 3- A new type of telephone in France : it shows the caller's face on a screen, here it is : can you see the small screen on the left ?
A- is arriving B- has arrived C- arrived D- has been arriving
- 4- I think we should finish this exercise before lunch.
A- 0 B- the C- a D- going
- 5- I study languages because I want to work in the industry later on.
A- touristic B- tourist C- tourism D- tourital
- 6- This company is not very stable : it only part time workers.
A- hires B- engages C- rents D- takes in
- 7- I started my journey early because there's a long to go.
A- way B- route C- trip D- time
- 8- I work in a technical college and I teach
A- computers B- computing C- computerization D- compute
- 9- When the guide starts the tour of the city, he asks several questions to assess the tourists'
A- expects B- attempts C- expectations D- attentions
- 10- The minimum travel time is two hours but there's no limit when traffic jams occur !
A- above B- upper C- superior D- high
- 11- My college does not have any links with foreign countries the moment.
A- in B- on C- at D- into
- 12- Mount Blanc is over 4 000 meters
A- high B- height C- tall D- tall
- 13- This student is very in computer science, she will easily find a job later.
A- interesting B- interest C- interested D- interests
- 14- Cambridge is located the north of London.
A- at B- to C- in D- on
- 15- No wonder he is a long distance runner, when he was young, he used to run
A- as mad B- like mad C- just mad D- quite mad
- 16- Will he come to our party ? I hope
A- no B- not C- that not D- that no
- 17- Do you know where Napoleon ?
A- born B- was born C- were born D- is born
- 18- It's only twenty minutes from here.
A- away B- far C- distant D- long
- 19- I cannot believe she could have been stupid.
A- such B- so much C- that much D- that
- 20- You can buy this new car, made in an Eastern country, for as as E8000.
A- much B- little C- few D- less
- 21- Most children like chocolate , but mine
A- aren't B- not C- do D- don't

- 22- This pupil disturbs the class as he keeps to his neighbours all day long.
 A- to talk B- talk C- talking D- to talking
- 23- I have spent a lovely afternoon with you and I look forward you again.
 A- to see B- see C- seeing D- to seeing
- 24- I'll get some cigarettes when I to the tobacconist's.
 A- go B- will go C- am going D- went
- 25- Let's go for a ride,
 A- will we ? B- shall we C- are we ? D- will we not ?
- 26- She suggests that we fill in these forms before the beginning of class.
 A- should B- must C- are D- will
- 27- It's not true, he a sports car.
 A- has never drive B- did not drive C- is never driving D- has never driven
- 28- He blames me for everything that wrong.
 A- is going B- goes C- stands D- rolls
- 29- The manager made the salesmen the conference.
 A- to attend B- to take part in C- attend D- going to
- 30- My father had our car by a mechanic in town.
 A- repair B- mend C- repaired D- mended
- 31- My grandfather stopped after cancer was diagnosed, but it was too late.
 A- to smoke B- smoking C- smoked D- by smoking
- 32- Teachers do not spend enough time on class preparation often have difficulty explaining new lessons.
 A- that B- which C- who D- what
- 33- On the way we stopped lunch at a restaurant.
 A- to have B- having C- taking D- for have
- 34- This rum, I bought in the West Indies, is very smooth.
 A- which B- who C- that D- what
- 35- My parents they would take us on a picnic today.
 A- have said B- have told C- said D- told
- 36- Try to change the bulb without the lampshade.
 A- break B- breaking C- broken D- having broken
- 37- These sheets are very dirty do you wash them ?
 A- how often B- how soon C- whenever D- sometimes
- 38- I don't have to finish this exercise before the bell rings.
 A- time enough B- sufficient hour C- enough time D- the time
- 39- Yesterday my brother wanted to buy a new car but now he has changed
 A- his mind B- his opinion C- his advice D- his brain
- 40- He thought he could easily skip class but he ran the headmaster in the pub and got into trouble.
 A- to B- into C- across D- 0
- 41- Hold a second, will you? I'll go and see whether the head manager can talk to you now.
 A- up B- off C- on D- 0
- 42- you are !
 A- What luck B- Such luck C- How lucky D- So much luck

- 43- The said about it, the better.
 A- last B- least C- lesser D- less
- 44- There are many differences between candidates.
 A- both B- either C- the both D- the two
- 45- Since the new regulations were introduced to reduce speed, there has been accidents.
 A- far less B- few C- a few less D- fewer
- 46- Would you mind this exercise again ?
 A- to do B- do C- doing D- of doing
- 47- Give him the keys before
 A- he will leave B- he lives C- him leaving D- he leaves
- 48- He always fails his exams, he works very hard.
 A- thought B- although C- through D- in spite
- 49- can learn a foreign language, it's just a question of memory.
 A- Somebody B- Someone C- Nobody D- Anybody
- 50- 1,3,5, 17 are numbers.
 A- off B- odd C- uneven D- even

Select the most suitable word to fill in the gaps :

The good51.....is we are living longer than52.....before but it's going to be53.....
 As54..... fertility rates grow more slowly and increasing prosperity enhances life55....., a complicated56..... effect has emerged: big chunks of the world are starting to look57..... geriatric wards. It is uncertain how the world will pay for them.
 A larger population of58....., living longer, mixed with59..... young people means that the labor force will shrink as percentage of the total population. With fewer people60..... work, living standards could fall.
 Aging will put stress on government finances, drawing more and more money from budgets to pay for pensions and health61..... Interest rates could rise sharply as a result, with the old depleting their lifelong62.....
 The end result is that the bulging cohort of the63..... will probably be forced to work well into what today is considered old age, and then get stingier pensions when they64..... retire. Moreover, their children will have to work65..... to66..... them.

The New York Times Le Monde February 5th 2005

- 51
 A- new B- information C- news D- informations
- 52
 A- never B- ever C- always D- often
- 53
 A- cost B- expensively C- costly D- dearly
- 54
 A- global B- - worldly C- earthly D- globally
- 55-
 A- expectation B- expectancy C- hope D- hopes
- 56-
 A- coast B- coastal C- side D- back
- 57-
 A- similar B- like C- 0 D- at

- 58-
A- retiring B- retired C- retirees D- retire
- 59-
A- few B- fewer C- less D- lesser
- 60-
A- in B- at C- for D- to
- 61-
A- duty B- care C- cares D- interest
- 62-
A- saves B- savings C- economics D- economies
- 63-
A- olds B- elder C- elderly D- ancients
- 64-
A- final B- eventually C- endly D- unduly
- 65-
A- hardly B- harder C- hardless D- far
- 66-
A- support B- stand C- bother D- cure

Setting up a Wi-Fi network involves plugging a small base-station into your broadband Internet connection. WiFi enabled laptops within 50 meters can then connect to the Internet wirelessly, via the base station. Fervent WiFi believers dream of blanketing cities with WiFi coverage, making wireless high-speed Internet access available to all. Some think it will turn the technology industry around by driving demand for broadband connections and boosting e-commerce and online-advertising revenues. Around the world, companies are rushing to build WiFi hotspots in public places such as airports, conference centres and coffee shops to cater for laptop –toting travellers. WiFi has, in short, inspired a mania not seen since the early days of the Internet. Along with blogging (publishing an on-line diary), it is keeping the guttering flame of Internet utopianism alive.

WiFi is certainly useful, allowing people to use a laptop anywhere around the house, office or campus.

But it does not amount to an epochal shift. Although there are perhaps 25m WiFi enabled laptops around the world, not all that many people carry their laptops around all day. Operators are gambling that demand will pick up as they build more hotspots. But this is eerily reminiscent of the ‘build it and they will come’ approach taken by many firms during the dotcom boom. The hotspot market shows all the signs of a bubble about to burst. Unless WiFi is added to mobile phones, most people will not carry a WiFi capable device, so hotspots will have limited appeal. In short, WiFi in its current form is not a mass market phenomenon in the mobile phones league

The Economist Oct 11th 2003

- 67- Wifi technology enables computer users to :
A- access the Internet from anywhere in the world
B- use their computers even if they cannot plug them to the mains
C- get an Internet connection without using a transmission wire
D- share data with other users on the net

- 68- What is a hot spot ?
A- a coffee shop with many computers
B- a place where people can connect to the Internet without a wire connection
C- a place where people can get a free internet connection
D- a place which is very warm all year round

- 69- According to the text, companies expect WiFi to :
A- make people buy more computers
B- develop the use of mobile phones
C- make people travel more

D- make people buy more things through the Internet

70- What is blogging ?

A- a device used to collect information on your internet connections

B- a list of sites you have visited on the net

C- a personal description of your thoughts, life etc which can be read on the Internet

D- a system used to access the internet without a wire connection

71- According to the text, WiFi will not be a success because :

A- its designers have not taken into account people's needs and wishes

B- it is too slow

C- it cannot be used over long distances

D- it is too expensive at the moment

72- One way to make Wi-Fi successful is to :

A- build more hotspots

B- enable mobile phones to use it

C- lower the prices

D- extend the connection range

73- The sentence "WiFi in its current form is not a mass market phenomenon in the mobile phones league" means :

A- Wifi must be connected to mobile phones to become successful

B- the numbers of Wi-Fi devices is much smaller than the number of mobile phones

C- Wi-Fi systems are more expensive than mobile phones at the moment

D- Wi-Fi systems are not sold everywhere in the world

Select the wrong part in each sentence:

74- We plan to have a picnic on Sunday but it all depends of the weather, since it has been raining a lot lately
A- B- C- D-

75- If Columbus had not discovered America, we would not had fast food restaurants today because only
Americans could invent such bad food
A- B-
C- D-

76- Tom left the milk out of the fridge and it went away because the temperature was too hot and nobody noticed
it in time
A- B- C-
D-

77- If Martin had set his alarm, he wouldn't wake up late. But he forgot and when he woke up it was midday
A- B- C- D-

78- We enforce the law thoroughly and don't allow to smoke in the dining room
A- B- C- D-

79- The results of this election are more difficult to predict from the last one
A- B- C- D-

80- Challenger is a spacecraft who has largely changed our view of the solar system
A- B- C- D-